

The Wilmington Post

VOLUME XVI.

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WILMINGTON POST

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RATES OF ADVERTISING.

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All communications on business must be addressed to THE WILMINGTON POST, Wilmington, N. C.

MORE "RABBITS."

In matters of strategy and cunning our ancient and intimate friend, "Brer Rabbit," has been elevated by the genius Uncle Remus, supplemented by that of the Editor of the *News Observer*, to a most exalted station, alike in the world of literary fable and practical politics. In point of dignity and worth, however, the four-footed hero of our southern fables is easily taken precedence of his "cotton-tailed" political brother. The latter is doomed to figure at least in the fancy of our metropolitan contemporaries, as a mere demagogue, a delusion and a snare, not being in himself a serious hunt but merely a seductive toy to Tray, Blanche and Sweetheart, who pursue that white and woolly game of his to the neglect and loss of nobler game. Under this lofty similitude has our ingenious friend of the Raleigh Organ portrayed the folly of certain unwary voters, who might thoughtfully be tempted into a chase of that contemptible "Molly Cotton Tail" or the Tariff Question, with such fat and many antlered bucks as Public Pundit (called among political sportsmen the spoils of "The Rascals") at large in the forest and inviting capture. How and it is that the Democratic brethren cannot dwell together in unity except on the one fundamental principle of taking all they can and holding on to it all they get! Here now comes the *State Chronicle* of the 10th inst., landing "Brer Rabbit" in strains that would put Uncle Remus himself to the blush, and almost hinting that our great National Park should be turned into a royal chase for the raising and hunting of this noble beast. Hear it: "The one great issue between the two political parties in national politics is the tariff."

The *Chronicle* rejoices this question has been narrowed down so pointedly in the First District etc. Oh, yes! Its all very well to talk up Tariff in this cause! The "Molly Cotton Tail" may lead some other pack from the trail. Well, you shall have Tariff, and your tariff of it, before the campaign is ended, but the contest will not be "narrowed down" to that one topic, so "narrow" your purposes. With it you shall not be suffered to obscure or beguile attention from the deep damnation of disfranchising thousands of freemen by executing juggling for partisan gain. And, if, of impartial *Chronicle* you would deny any participation in it by silence, when to speak was imperative duty! The gentleman who is to take to cue from your suggestion and seek to continue the issues of the canvass to the one of tariff, no doubt is a very clever gentleman, can sleep on a fisherman's cottage floor, eat fat meat with an appetite that grows by what it feeds on, draw a seine or sail a boat as if born to occupy his business in great waters, and perform many other of those doughty feats which are the boast of his newspaper friends, and which so potentially signalize him as the proper man to represent and speak for his people in the national assembly of political sages, but he will scarcely be able to invest the tariff question with such attractions as to make his hearers follow him to his dearest privilege, the right of the ballot, has been invaded by the Chief Magistrate of the state in such manner and form as to demand the earliest and most impressive rebuke which a self-governing people can administer to those who assume to be their rulers.

Dr. J. J. Mott has purchased the *Statesville American* and will make it an aggressive and fearless exponent of Republicanism and Liberalism.

His James E. O'Hara will be in Washington in a few days to look after the interest of his people.

The Editor of the Post has been absent for the most of the time for several weeks past.

We will publish the communication concerning the State Colored Agricultural Fair in our next. It came too late for this issue.

HON. KENNETH RAYNOR.

The friends of Hon. Kenneth Raynor are in good spirits over the rumor that the President is likely to appoint him to the Court of Claims. We sincerely hope it will be done.

The result of the Danville massacre will unquestionably cost the Democratic party the next Presidency. If they ever had any chance it is now past recovery, and the Republicans will elect the next President by a larger majority than Grant received in 1872.

Not a man who voted the Liberal ticket in 1882 has gone back to the Democratic party, but thousands who voted the Democratic ticket have sworn never to do so again. North Carolina will go anti-Democratic.

Mahone and Riddleberger will carry Virginia in 1884, and we know men who will bet on this right now. Those who are foolish enough to believe that Mahone is dead will wake up the morning of after the National Election wiser if not better men, and don't forget it.

With Price, Johnson, Cook, Edwards, Cocke, Leach, Murray, Powers, Day, Day, Darby and thousands of other good, brave and able liberal leaders joined with Russell, Mott, Dockery, Moore, Young, Keogh, Blocker, Pool, Humphrey, Buxton, Hubbs, Smith, and tens of thousands of other brave stalwart white Republican leaders, backed by O'Hara, Harris, Price, Dancy, Leary, Mabson, Holway, Burney, Lane, Mebane, Williamson, Moore and other able colored leaders, North Carolina will unquestionably go twenty thousand majority in 1884 for the Liberal ticket, and don't you for get it.

Riddleberger further admitted that the election in Virginia had decided the Presidential contest.—Review. Yes for the Republicans.

Die Lewis's Monthly.

The November issue of Die Lewis's Monthly is much increased in size, and superior to any previous number. It is admirable as a whole and in detail. Inebriety among Women, by Dr. Lucy M. Hall, Physician of the great Western Prison at Sherborn, Mass., is a thoughtful discussion of the causes and results of intemperance among women. Emma Darbour, of Kansas, discusses the outcome of obedience to Mr. Greeley's injunction, Young man go West. Employers and Employed, by Mrs. Sarah K. Bolton, is a happy and instructive discussion of this important relation in human life as seen through out Europe and our own country. Beautiful Hands, by Fanchon, will delight all women who are ambitious of personal charms. The Old Fashioned Home, by Rev. Dr. Fulton, is a hearty plea for genuine love and honest life. Helen M. Loder reviews with spirit and pluck, Our Young Women, by Dr. Howard Crosby, which appeared in a previous number of this magazine. Dear Sir, by President Lee, is an attack upon an old-fashioned absurdity. Little Devereux Blake gives us one of her charming, touching stories in One Thanksgiving Eve. On The Rights and Wrongs of Doubling, by Rev. Dr. Hopkins, President of Auburn Theological Seminary, will surprise many people who know the reputation for solid orthodoxy of Dr. Hopkins and his institution. Dora Darnore, a well known on the Pacific coast, gives us a new remedy, and a good one, for Polyuria. Big Jack Small is one of the best stories which has appeared in an American magazine in many years. It gives a vivid description of an ox driver's or bull-puncher's life in Nevada. Fashions are discussed and finely illustrated by Aunt Bonnybell. Our Cooking School, under the management of Julia Colman, grows better and better. Book Notices are well done, and What Everybody Ought to know, by Arthur Chester, is both interesting and useful.

Besides all these articles, we find the following from the Editor of this popular magazine: The Good Old Times and A New Mystery, in which Spiritualism is discussed; an admirable biographical sketch of George T. Angell, of Massachusetts; A Wretched Mistake, of Massachusetts; and Wives, a long illustrated article upon Exercise with the Rings, another chapter in the Editor's series on Our Brains and Nerves. Three Square Meals, or the Proper Treatment of Consumption, an interesting sketch of Irish Ladies, The Proper Clothing for Cold Weather, a somewhat extended discussion of Catarrh and its Treatment, and several brief Hygienic chapters. It is the best number of this Magazine yet given to the public.

FRANK SEAMAN, Publisher.

69 71 Bible House, New York.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Thirty-seven men were injured by being thrown down an embankment on a construction train, near Rochester, N. Y., on Tuesday morning. Many of them had legs or arms broken or skulls fractured.

Two hundred houses destroyed by fire entailing a loss of \$600,000 and rendering five hundred families homeless, occurred at Shenandoah, Pa., on Monday last. Several persons were killed or have died of injuries or from fright.

Dr. J. Marion Simms died at his residence in New York on Tuesday last.

On Tuesday at boiler in a Louisiana sugar house burst, killing three persons.

H. Bulcher was murdered by unknown parties near Beason, Ga., on Tuesday.

A \$500,000 cotton fire occurred at Norfolk on Wednesday.

The Department of Agriculture puts the corn crop at about sixty million bushels short of last year's crop.

The potato crop this year is estimated at 175,000,000 bushels.

Preparations have begun for the rebuilding of the Kimball House at Atlanta.

A \$60,000 fire occurred at Charleston Monday evening, and three women were killed by jumping from the third story of a clothing factory.

"The Fair Enchantress; or, Or How She Won Men's Hearts," just published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, is a novel of great power and interest. It is compactly written, not a word being wasted, and the plot is capitally framed. It deals chiefly with the history of a young girl, who, thrown upon the world through the murder of her mother, is rescued and educated by a wealthy citizen of New Orleans. The young girl, Mora, devotes herself to the detection and punishment of her mother's assassin. Mora has several admirers, all worthy and honorable men, and her love affairs will certainly enrapture all lady readers, so cleverly are they depicted. The scenes are remarkably vivid, and the picture of New Orleans will make a deep and lasting impression on every body. Quite a number of exciting episodes are introduced in the course of the striking romance. A child is poisoned by a jealous woman, a mysterious opera singer creates a wonderful sensation, and a duel is fought between two of the heroine's lovers, beside the sea in the moonlight. The characters are, without exception, well drawn. "The Fair Enchantress" is, in short, an excellent novel, and worthy of being universally read. It is published in a large square duodecimo volume, paper cover, price seventy-five cents, and will be found for sale by all booksellers, by all news agents everywhere, and on all railroad trains, or copies of it will be sent to any one, post-paid, on remitting the price of it in a letter to the publishers, T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa.

Vital Questions!!

Ask the most eminent physician.

Of any school, what is the best thing in the world for quieting and allaying all irritation of the nerves and curing all forms of nervous complaints, giving natural, childlike, refreshing sleep always?

And they will tell you unhesitatingly.

"Some form of Hope!"

CHAPTER I.

Ask any or all of the most eminent physicians:

"What is the best and only remedy that can be relied on to cure all distaste of the kidneys and urinary organs, such as Bright's disease, diabetes, retention or inability to retain urine, and all the diseases and ailments peculiar to Women?"

And they will tell you explicitly and emphatically, "Buchu."

Ask the same physicians:

"What is the most reliable and surest cure for all liver diseases or dyspepsia, constipation, indigestion, biliousness, neuralgia, fever, ague, &c., and they will tell you:

"Mandrake! or Dandelion!"

Hence, when these remedies are combined with others equally valuable

And compounded into Hop Bitters, such a wonderful and mysterious cure is attained in its operations that no disease or ailment can possibly exist or resist its power, and yet it is

Harmless for the most frail woman, weakest invalid or smallest child to use

CHAPTER II.

"Patients

Almost dead or nearly dying."

For years, and given up by physicians of Bright's and other kidney diseases, liver complaints, severe coughs, called consumption, have been cured.

Women gone nearly crazy!

From agony of neuralgia, nervousness, wakefulness and various diseases peculiar to women.

People drawn out of shape from excruciating pang of rheumatism.

Inflammatory and chronic, or suffering from scrofula.

Erysipelas!

Salt rheum, blood poisoning, dyspepsia, indigestion, and in fact almost all diseases fail.

Nature is heir to

Have been cured by Hop Bitters, proof of which can be found in every neighborhood in the known world.

"Marked Benefit."

SAVANNAH, GA., Feb. 21, 1881.

H. H. WALKER & Co. Sir—I

have taken your Safe Kidney and Liver Cure for kidney and liver diseases with marked benefit.

J. R. JOYCE.

PROCLAMATION.

The following is the proclamation in full of the President of the United States recommending a day of thanksgiving:

In furtherance of the custom of this people at the closing of each year, to engage upon a day of prayer for that purpose, in a special festival of praise to the Giver of all good, I, Chester A. Arthur, President of the United States, do hereby designate Thursday, the 29th day of November next, as a day of national thanksgiving.

The year which is closing to us and has been replete with evidence of divine goodness. The prevalence of health, the fulness of the harvest, the stability of peace and order, the growth of fraternal feeling, the progress of intelligence and learning, the enjoyment of civil and religious liberty—all these and countless other blessings are cause for fervent rejoicing.

I do therefore recommend that on the day above appointed the people rest from their accustomed labor, and meeting in their several places of worship, express their devout gratitude to God that He hath dealt so bountifully with this nation and pray that His grace and favor abide with it forever.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR,

President of the United States.

By the President:

F. T. FREELINGHUYSEN,

Secretary of State.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

WASHINGTON, N. C., Nov. 8th.

EDITOR POST:—I know that you will be very much gratified to learn that the Hon. A. M. Waddell, who was billed to make a speech in this town in advocacy of the election of Mr. Skinner to congress, in opposition to Judge Pool, did not draw a crowd, although the honorable court adjourned the order to give the honorable gentleman a chance. When I went to the court house at the east of the town, I found a large crowd introduced by a Baltimore drummer. I told the honorable gentleman that I had no idea that the Democracy was so badly scared as to send him here. Skinner made a speech at Chocomaux the other day to as good as no audience.

COLUMBIA, N. C., Nov. 11, 1883.

EDITOR POST:—Mr. Skinner is certainly left. Judge Pool's prospects are exceedingly bright. Skinner has failed to arouse the people. Pool's friends are hard at work.

Respectfully,

ARTHUR SPRUILL.

Chamber of Commerce.

At a meeting of the newly elected Executive Council of the Chamber of Commerce, held Friday, the following committees were appointed:

Metereological—A. H. Van Bokkelen, W. L. DeRoset, George Harris.

Bar and River Improvements—Geo. Harris, Alex Sprunt, R. E. Heide.

Transportation and Navigation—F. W. Kerchner, D. G. Worth, G. H. Robinson.

Correspondence and Foreign Trade—Jas Sprunt, Geo W. Williams, A. L. DeRoset.

Propositions and Grievances—Alfred Martin, Geo Kidder, H. Volkers.

Insurance and Finance—E. E. Barcus, Thos Evans, Sam'l Northrop.

The city is full of traps, and much annoyance is experienced by housekeepers on account of their importunities in making way into the backyards of residences.

Rev. Mr. Pender, of this city, was among the speakers of the celebration of the 400th birth-day of Martin Luther at Concord on Saturday.

Hon. E. D. Hall, Mayor of the city, delivered an interesting and able address before the "Benj. Bannaker" Library Association on Thursday evening last. This is an organization composed of a number of the colored people of our city, who have adopted this method of improving their minds and cultivating a taste for pure literature. We are glad to hear that it is flourishing. Col. Hall always speaks well.

Rev. Garland White has found time to get back to his congregation in this city.

Charles G. Pool will represent the people of the first district in the fall congress.

Wilmington Presbytery.

Wilmington Presbytery met at the Second Presbyterian church, in this city, on Monday evening, at half-past 7 o'clock.

The retiring Moderator, Rev. J. C. Black, of Pender, preached a sermon and the Presbytery was then formally constituted by prayer, after which the roll was called and Rev. J. M. Rose was then elected Moderator and Rev. Alexander Kirkland Temporary Clerk.

The meeting was a full and harmonious one, and much business of importance was transacted. Among other things, the committee appointed at the last meeting to prepare a memorial, submitted their report, which was adopted. Certain overtures sent down by the General Assembly were also adopted.

Mr. Alex. Phillips, of Clinton, after an examination on experimental religion, was received under the care of Presbytery, after which he was examined for licensure. Mr. Wm. Newkirk, of Duplin, after a similar examination, was received under the care of Presbytery as a candidate for the ministry.

Clinton was selected as the next place of meeting and Wednesday night before the third Saturday in April as the time for the next meeting of Presbytery.

Rev. Mr. Phillips finally passed a satisfactory examination and preached a trial sermon, which was highly commended.

Rev. C. M. Payne and J. M. Rose were elected trustees of Davidson College.

Presbyterian Synod.

The Stated Synod of the Presbyterian Church convened at the First Presbyterian church in this city on Wednesday night.

The opening sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Hill, the last Moderator present, after which Synod was constituted by prayer.

Rev. F. H. Johnston, D. D. of Winston, was elected Moderator, and Rev. J. A. Ramsey and J. B. Burwell, Esq., were chosen temporary clerks.

There is a large attendance of ministers, and ruling elders from all sections of the state.

Jail Delivery.

On Friday last, when the county jailer, Geo. W. Sprunt, entered the prison, accompanied by a small colored boy to feed the inmates, an assault was made upon them, the keys captured and the jailer choked and held to the floor while a number of the cells were unlocked. Seven out of the eleven prisoners succeeded in the confusion in getting out at the door. In the meantime the jailer and his family shouted "murder!" and "help!" and the alarm bell was sounded under the impression that there was fire, which latter circumstance served to aid the fugitives, who joined lustily in the cry. Two of the prisoners, a white man named Cornell awaiting trial for the larceny of a watch, and Gilbert Hadley, colored, for some other offence not now remembered, were captured and returned to their quarters, but the other five got off and are still at large. Those escaped are Jerre Lanier and Robert Costin, convicted of larceny, the former being sentenced to the Penitentiary for four years and the latter for three; and Joe George, white, awaiting trial for burglary; Archie Pigford, colored, for carrying a concealed weapon, and Wm. Nixon, colored, for larceny. The two first named had appealed to the Supreme Court and their cases had just been decided against them by that tribunal. They are both from New Hanover, while the other three were Pender prisoners. Jailer Murray's wife was instrumental in the capture of Cornell. She caught him as he was about to mount the fence and clung to him until assistance arrived. Hadley's capture was owing to the delay in his movements caused by the sister of the jailer's wife, who seized and struggled "manfully" to hold him, but his superior strength finally prevailed, and escaped over the intervening fence and fell into the ready hands of Mr. J. H. Jones, on Fourth street. Sheriff Manning was absent from the city at the time.

A colored man by the name of Primus Davis was arrested Friday on the charge of unmercifully beating his wife. The city physician was called in to examine her injuries, and pronounced them painful but not serious. He was fined.

City Items.

Wilmington sports a "Nigger's Club."

Rev. W. M. Kennedy, preached at Masonboro Baptist Church on Monday last.

Four marriage licenses were issued last week, equally divided between the two sexes.

Rev. W. M. Kennedy has been recalled to the pastorate of the Masonboro Baptist church.

Shooting on the streets is getting to be too common and the police should try and put a stop to it.

Rev. Dr. J. B. Taylor arrived here from his European trip on Tuesday last. His friends will be glad to see him.

The Norwegian bark Empress of India, which cleared on Friday, takes out \$10 bales of cotton, valued at \$45,000.

The German bark Atlantic, which cleared for Liverpool on Monday, takes out 1,525 bales of cotton, valued at \$70,000.

Revs. Messrs. Williams and Taylor preached at the Primitive Baptist Church in this city on Tuesday evening last.

The German bark Sirena, which cleared from here on Saturday last, took out 2,107 bales of cotton, valued at \$100,700.

The steamer A. P. Hurt is now undergoing repairs and the steamer Gov. Worth has taken her place temporarily on the line.

The Dorcas Society of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, had one of their attractive "Mum Parties" at the City Hall on Wednesday night last.

Mayor Hall celebrated his silver wedding on Friday last, and we learn that he was the recipient of a number of fine presents from his friends.

Bishop Pierce, of the Methodist Church South, passed through here Tuesday morning en route to Richmond, to attend the Annual Conference.

The Fourth street market house has been enclosed at the top, leaving a sufficient space for ventilating purposes, and has been furnished with new sash and lights.

It don't pay to throw rocks on the streets. A colored youth named David McLaurin was fined \$10 or thirty days for throwing one which hit another colored boy, a few days ago.

Mr. J. L. Winner's oyster garden on Myrtle Sound is about two hundred acres in extent, the whole of which, however, has not yet been planted. His experiments thus far have been very successful.

James Koton, a colored Seaman, was arrested on Saturday last, charged with larceny, but there was no evidence to convict and the case was dismissed by the trial justice by whom the case was examined.

A Bicycle Club was formed in this city on Friday night last, with James L. Yopp as President, J. R. Wilson, Jr., as Vice President, H. Burkholder, Jr., as Secretary and Treasurer, and J. R. Wilson, Jr., as Captain.

Mr. H. Hultaff and wife celebrated their silver wedding on Sunday last, and their evening, while at supper, a deputation from Germania Lodge No. 4, K. of P. marched in and presented them a handsome silver and salver, with appropriate sentiments.

A flat loaded with steel rails for the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad, which was being towed from this city to Fayetteville, on Monday afternoon last, struck on a snag and was sunk in the river just above Point Peter. The flat was in tow of the steamer Wave.

On Friday the body of Henry Jewett, colored, who was drowned off a flat at the foot of Market street, on Thursday, the 1st inst., was discovered floating in the river and was recovered and buried. Deceased belonged at Town Creek, in Brunswick county. No inquest was held.

A natty Jewels, colored, living on Eighth between Orange and Ann streets, was found dead in her bed about 10 o'clock Thursday night. She had been in her usual health during the day, and a short time before her death was engaged in cutting wood. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of her death. No inquest.

Mr. James W. Southerland, while on a trip to northern Alabama, a few days ago, purchased the fine blooded horse Abdallah Chief, for which he paid \$285. He is a handsome mahogany bay, five hands and one inch high, and can trot a mile inside of three minutes. In fact, he is said to belong to one of the best trotting horse-families in the United States.

Superintendent E. F. Martin, of the Wilmington, Wrightsville and Onslow Railroad, is pushing the enterprise with an energy and zeal deserving of the greatest success, and we are glad to hear that he is meeting with much encouragement in his travels. The Newberns JOURNAL says sixty-one shares of \$25 each were subscribed at the court house in that city on Tuesday night of last week, after a speech by the Superintendent, and a like amount was subscribed at Kingston.

The Sunday school of St. Paul's Lutheran church celebrated the tenth birth-day of the great Reformer—Martin Luther—on Sunday evening last. After the preliminary ceremonies prescribed for observance in all of the churches, addresses were delivered by Master Konrad Schulken and Miss Lena Stemmerman, Mr. W. H. Strauss, Mr. H. C. Fremport and Mr. H. B. Eilers. Mr. Fremport's address was particularly interesting from the fact that his early life was passed in that section of Germany made famous as the birth-place of the immortal Reformer and where the great Reformation was first inaugurated.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARKER & TAYLOR.

Dealers in the celebrated

"Golden Harvest," "Farmer" and "Southern Oak"

COOKING STOVES.

Boasting Stoves of every variety; Gas, Tinware, Plated Ware, Lamps and Lamp Goods, Groceries, Scales, Dishes, Pumps, Kerosene Oil, and House Furnishing Goods generally.

23 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

nov 16-83

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CITY OF WILMINGTON, N. C.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

November 5th, 1883.

Sealed Proposals

WILL BE RECEIVED AT THIS OFFICE

until 5 o'clock P. M., December 30, 1883,

when they will be opened by the Board of Aldermen in the presence of bidders, for

supplying the Blocks and Paving North

Water street, from its intersection with

Market street to its intersection with

Market street, about 1,500 square yards of

pavement, to be laid with approved granite blocks. The streets will be graded and the sand for bedding will be delivered on

streets. Bids will at the same time be received for

supplying 2,000 good hard paving bricks and 20,000 cubic yards of good fine sand.

Plans for supplying the material alone, or for laying pavement alone, will be considered. Specifications and plans can be seen at this office.

E. D. HALL,

Mayor and Chairman

of Committee of Streets and Waterways,

nov 16-83

Bargains in Shoes.

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF

Boots and Shoes

AND OFFER SPECIAL BARGAINS ON

MANY KINDS.

</

Every Liberal Independent and Republican in the first district should see that every anti-bourbon vote is brought out and voted for Charles C. Pool, the people's candidate for congress. Don't let him be defeated for want of a square, honest support. Work, work, work all the time. Don't cease to work until he is elected. It can be done by hard and proper work, and we believe it will be done, so let all turn out and do their duty until every vote is cast and then counted.

Two gentlemen in this town have given us a practical illustration. They had made in London and Edinburgh suits of clothing that would cost \$60 in New York. They paid \$17.50 and \$18.50, and made, too, by fashionable tailors. And yet we are told that a high tariff does not make high goods. A gentleman at Raleigh wears a \$2 pair of shoes bought in London, equal to the \$6 pairs you can buy here.

We take the above from the *Star* of the 4th instant. How does Mr. Munson like the *Star's* plan? We believe he charges \$17.50 just to make a suit of clothes. Should the English control our tariff he will have to make a suit and furnish all the material for \$17.50. This will leave him about \$6.00 for his work.

SENATOR H. H. RIDDLEBERGER.

We publish in another column the views of Senator Riddleberger, the associate and friend of Senator Mahone, of Virginia. It will be seen that the Democratic victory don't have a very bad effect on him. He contends, and in our opinion correctly, that Virginia will go for the coalition ticket next year. Riddleberger and Mahone are two of the very ablest men in the south, and they will lead the liberal coalition candidates to victory in 1884.

THE LITTLE GIANT.
In another column will be found the views of Hon. William Mahone on the infamous conduct of the bourbon boss Barbor, the chief bulldozing boss of Virginia, and of his supporters, why that state was captured, &c. Those of our readers who believe Mahone is dead will find themselves very much disappointed. He is not the kind of a man who will die at the bidding of the Democracy. Men of great ability like Mahone, Sherman, Conkling, Grant, Blaine and Logan don't die, and as long as the coalition party is led by such men it will never lose the confidence of the people.

REPUBLICAN VICTORIES.

Low, Republican, was elected over the 6th inst. by 1,830 majority, and this in a city that has been considered Democratic by 6,500 majority. Another roster should crown right here.

New York elected on the 6th inst. 20 Republican senators and 12 Democratic, and 72 Republican assemblymen and 56 Democratic. Let another cock crow. This legislature succeeds the Democratic legislature of last year.

Connecticut elected on the 6th inst. 16 Republican senators and 8 Democratic. The house stands 147 Republicans to 90 Democrats. This is another grand victory. Let the rooster scream.

NEW JERSEY.
The Republicans gained two members of the legislature in this state and held their own on the state ticket.

MASSACHUSETTS.
The entire Republican ticket in Massachusetts was elected on the 6th inst. Both houses of the legislature are Republican. This is another gain for law and order. Let all our roosters crow over this victory. Down with the bourbon, Virginia shot guns and the massacring of negroes.

PENNSYLVANIA.
As we said in our last issue, has gone for the Union and declared against the massacring of poor, defenseless negroes by the Virginia bourbon shot guns. If the bloodthirsty bourbons will shoot negroes they must expect to keep the north solid.

THE LESSON OF THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

Long years gone by now, that pithy humorist, Artemus Ward, in an imaginary speech to the belligerent patriots of the day, encouraged them in glowing periods to "rise up to the emergency and cave in the emergency's head." Whether or not his vigorous precept was found practically acceptable to his hearers, history does not disclose, but like all other teachings of the wise, it has been borne along on the wings of time to illuminate and fructify in a later and more auspicious day. The bourbon of Virginia true, as ever, to the instincts and traditions of their party, have recently found most urgent occasion to illustrate the sagacity of the sage humorist of the north, and forgetting for the moment their aversion to anything not solidly southern, have not hesitated to administer to the political "emergency" just past the energetic treatment so highly recommended. The man, or men, and the occasion met, and rising to the emergency the valorous sons of the Old Dominion promptly proceeded to "cave in its head." To some this might have been a difficult task, but in almost anything practice makes perfect, and the southern bourbons have grown accustomed to doing what ever becomes a political necessity. In their lexicon, as in that of youth, there is no such word as fail, when a political call of sufficient urgency demands achievement. "Delenda est Carthago," let the chieftains once decree, and down tatters the fenced city of the foe, under a magic word as potent as that which leveled the walls of Jericho! One by one, as the "emergency" demanded, the southern states have been "redeemed" from "negro and radical rule." The grass and turf of persuasion proving futile, the traitor voter was in time brought down from the tree by stones. "Home rule" was the emergency first to be met, and it was treated with salutary promptitude, but one encroachment invites another, and in the fall of 1876 it became "necessary" that the south should rule, not only its own territory, but the entire Union, in order that her absolute "control of domestic affairs" should be secure and permanent. Then it was that the bloody canvass of the rifle clubs began; then did the "emergency" demand that the Chisholms, should extend their horrors into massacres and such "wars of races" as that which made General Butler a Senator from South Carolina. The work was done, peace reigned in the Warsaw of 1881, and the south was solid and silent! So, she continued until a short while since one brave and manly voice was heard in Virginia claiming equal rights before the law and at the ballot box for every American citizen. To the voice of Mahone, whose patriotism, purity and courage many noble deeds in the councils of the state and on the field of battle bore unanswerable testimony, every lover of fair play and constitution law gave ready heed, and in the native state of him who wrote that all men were born free and equal, the colored voter was once more reinstated in the place and dignity of a human being and a free man. This it was that galvanized the bourbon aristocracy and constituted the "emergency" which was to have its head "caved in," and hence the bloody prelude of Danville to the wholesale terrorism of the first Tuesday in November. Have the people of this Union decided as to what constitutes American statesmanship, and will they are that decision reversed. The Presidential election of 1884 will answer the question.

IMPROBABLE POULTRY.

Certainly, there is nothing better than economy. When we looked, this morning, over the files of the *News*, we found a handsome display of campaign chickens, our bosom was for the moment filled with dismay, but soon recovering our equanimity we recollected the weakness of our bourbon friends for the temporary enjoyment of imaginary triumphs, and set ourselves to the work of serious investigation. It took us but a short time to discover that the lone rooster, so long reduced to the humiliating office of an advertising drudge, had served his day in that capacity, and his form and features in wood being recently costed he had been promoted, with several other eleventh hour chancellors, to the higher and more congenial employment of trumpeting the morrow to the deluded few who think that it rose for the bourbon on Tuesday last. "Thrill, thrill, Horatio!" To our simple judgment, though, the staggering and paralytic sufferer for want of the "Samarian Nerve" who has so long figured on the pages of our metropolitan contemporary would have served much better to illustrate the condition of the average Democrat of to-day. It would seem that bullets and blood have sufficed to drive the timid Africans from the assertion of their political rights in Virginia. God help the down-trodden there! But from a national standpoint, was not the fright of last Tuesday a field of Hastings to the discomfited bourbons? The immense majority in New York almost or entirely overcome; the late Democratic legislature now resolutely Republican; Pennsylvania gloriously redeemed, the representative Democrat, Butler, routed in Massachusetts, and the grand assurance reverberated from every quarter that the liberty-loving and Union-loving people of our country are resolved that the war for the Federal constitution, the perpetuity of our Government and the permanent establishment of the equality of all men before the law was never and shall not be fought in vain!

We publish to-day the sermon of Rev. William Kirkus, of Baltimore, and we hope our Democratic subscribers will read it. It is good religion for them to study after the Danville massacre.

Governor Butler is still self-possessed, says the Springfield *Republican*, inaccurate as usual, he says: "I have 152,000"—an overstatement of 1,926. Even the accuracy of the round number 150,000 (the real figure was 150,074) did not betray him for an instant into telling the truth. It is always comforting to have the remains "look natural."

RIDDLEBERGER.

The Readjuster Senator on the Recent Election.

How Virginia was Carried.

KNOW NOTHINGISM REVIVED BY THE BOURBON DEMOCRACY—EXPOSURE OF THEIR METHODS—NO DIVISION OF OPINION BETWEEN SENATOR RIDDLEBERGER AND GEN. MAHONE.

[From the New York Herald, Nov. 15th. WOODSTOCK, VA., Nov. 10th.]

This is the home of Mr. Harrison H. Riddleberger, senator elect from the state of Virginia, who, next to Senator Mahone, has been the most prominent leader of the readjuster party in this state.

At the beginning of the political movement which has threatened the supremacy of the Democratic party in Virginia he was Gen. Mahone's closest friend and adviser—his chief of staff, so to speak. Conspicuous as a representative of the Shenandoah district in both branches of the legislature, he became more prominent in connection with the plan to readjust the debt of the state, the draft of the present law having been made in his very home here, in Woodstock. He was one of the Tilden electors from Virginia in 1876, and at the extra session of the United States Senate in 1881, following Garfield's inauguration, he was re-nominated by the Republican caucus for the important office of Sergeant-at-Arms. It was evident that Senator Mahone had brought this about with the understanding that both he and Mr. Riddleberger would thereafter work for the interests of the Republican party in and out of Virginia. The senate being evenly divided, a deadlock ensued and the Republican caucus nominees for senate offices were laid on the table.

At the next session of the Virginia Legislature it was called upon to elect a successor to Senator John W. Johnston, whose term would expire March 4, 1883. Senator Mahone's choice for Sergeant at Arms now becomes his candidate for the higher honor of senator. Failing to secure his companionship as an officer of the senate, he re-nounced in securing his election as his future colleague in that body, and both will occupy seats on the Republican side, Senator Riddleberger taking the one vacated by Mr. Kellogg.

Now, in spite of this record of mutual intimate relations, it has of late been frequently published that the Virginia senators—the great readjusters and coalition leaders—were no longer friends; that the junior senator was not recognized by the administration in the recent campaign and had made no speeches. In short, that in addition to the overwhelming defeat Senator Mahone has suffered was added the pang of Riddleberger's desertion at the most critical moment of the fight. If all these statements were true, then, indeed, had the Democracy of Virginia achieved a greater victory over the routed readjusters and their wounded leader than they were first credited with.

RIDDLEBERGER AT HOME.

It was to learn the whole truth that your correspondent called upon Senator Riddleberger to-day at his elegant mansion on the outskirts of Woodstock, the county seat of Shenandoah. Invited into his office, the windows of which overlook broad green fields and velvet lawns, the senator, as editor of the *Valley Virginian*, was found scanning the proofs of this week's issue. When these had been completed Senator Riddleberger said it gave him great pleasure to welcome at his home a representative of the *Herald*, and as far as he thought advisable he would express his views on the recent election in Virginia and the bearing it would have upon the future success of the readjuster party in the state. Before beginning the interview he stated that for several months he had been in his physician's hands and unable to do any work, which might perhaps explain why he had not taken an active part in the state canvass. "But," said the senator, "proceed with your questions and we may presently make that point clear."

"What do you think of the result of the election in Virginia?"
"I have hardly had time to think. The field is just cleared, and we have been so much engaged in calling our troops together after an apparent disaster that I have indulged in very little, if any, thought."

THE RESULT NO SURPRISE.

"Was it a surprise to you?"
"No, sir, if I may answer your question categorically. I mean by this that I expected the readjusters would carry the state on the general vote, and would carry the House of Delegates by such a majority that we would overcome the opposition in joint ballot. It was not a surprise after what I thought I saw about the first of the month preceding the election. Then the old system was inaugurated here, and I apprehended that our educated people would do what they did, regardless of consequences, and I feared that the indecent and insinuations resorted to here would have their effect elsewhere. The Danville papers, for instance, had the effect of increasing our white vote here, while they frightened colored

men away from the polls in a town where there was no danger. In this country there are very few original Republicans and few that two hundred years ago of a voting strength of nearly four thousand. So all the white voters of the Valley, I think, are the sons of the 'Old Tenth Legion.' It was here that Know Nothingism was beaten in 1855, and this is in my opinion, the bulwark of readjustment to-day. Our people are as brave as they are honest. On the state debt question they were honest, and they have had the courage of their convictions. So they will not be found swaying on the national questions of a sound currency and protection for American industries."

"What was the issue in the campaign, then, between the readjusters and the white sections, and at the same time to the poor unfortunate who had been slaves, and who still live in cabins, uneducated, and bought by those who have no subscriptions to pay?"
"The answer came deliberately. 'The Senator, on being told that this answer was evasive, added, 'I told you of my illness at the outset of our conversation. I wish to let the public generally know through the columns of the *Herald* what my position is, and do not want to advertise my illness now or at any other time. There are surely matters more important in connection with this matter than myself.'"

IN PERFECT UNISON WITH MAHONE.

"It is said that you and Senator Mahone do not agree upon the general management of the coalition party in Virginia. Are not your relations as cordial as they were formerly?"
"The Senator, on being told that this answer was evasive, added, 'I told you of my illness at the outset of our conversation. I wish to let the public generally know through the columns of the *Herald* what my position is, and do not want to advertise my illness now or at any other time. There are surely matters more important in connection with this matter than myself.'"

"I was sometimes surprised that gentlemen who knew my views as well as my associations should make such suggestions. I am a readjuster. As for General Mahone, I have never known a truer patriot, and when you look around for men to represent the business interests of this state I would not know where to look for one so superior to Mahone. There are two general mistakes. I presume I could not have drawn a pistol; the ground is in the fall the pistol goes off, and this is the signal for a regular fusillade. Of course no one is killed but negroes. That is always the case. With such a condition of things existing, what can be the effect of an election in which the element that instigated this slaughter has been partly victorious, except to deter from settlement those who might add to the prosperity of the state, but in whom there has always been a lurking suspicion that life in the south is not particularly sure, and who, by events like those I have spoken of, have had their fears intensified and their suspicions confirmed? I tell you, sir, fraud, intimidation and the corrupt use of money have brought about this thing. This is not an assertion made for mere effect. We have the proof right here in Petersburg. A man was arrested Tuesday for attempting to bribe a colored man to vote the Democratic ticket."

Senator Mahone, while thus speaking, walked up and down the floor in his characteristically quick, nervous way. One could see that he felt every word he spoke. His closing remark was the iteration of his first reply, that the time for him to express himself fully as to the result of the election had not yet arrived.

A CARD.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., Nov. 5.
A colored bishop wishes to state that the report sent from Philadelphia which is going the rounds of the press, that Bishop Hood was suspended for his decision rendered in the case of Bishop Hillary, is highly slanderous.

1. It requires a committee of three ministers who have investigated charges and found them actionable, to call a bishop. I have never received a call from such committee.
2. Our discipline does not permit any committee, not even an annual conference, to pass upon the decision of a bishop, from which there is no appeal except to the General Conference.
3. We have often heard of the opinion of a judge being overruled by a lawful, appellate court, without any one proposing to suspend the judge.
4. It was an unheard of procedure to call a Bishop to Philadelphia to answer for a decision rendered in Healdsburg, Kentucky, and at a time when he was filling his appointments in Alabama and could not be present if he wanted to.

A moment's reflection will satisfy any one that the whole procedure is a piece of spite work by Bishop Hillary, whose character has been a stench in the nostrils of the connection for nearly four years) and of his unlawful self constituted committee of his benchmen, regardless of which I shall continue to perform the functions of my office, backed as I am by the Branch of Bishops and ninety-nine hundredths of the ministry and membership.
J. W. HOOD,
Bishop of the A. M. E. Zion Church.

THE STATE ELECTIONS.

Mahone Considers Virginia Carried by the Danville Riot.

HIS OPINION OF THE RESULT.

[From the New York Herald of Nov. 10th. PETERSBURG, VA., Nov. 8, 1883.]

Senator Mahone was in his study this evening when a *Herald* representative called; no one but his son and Col. Brady, chairman of the Republican state executive committee, was with him. A large pile of dispatches from different portions of the state having reference to the election lay upon the table, and received new accessions every little while. Plunging into *medias res*, your correspondent asked the senator if he would favor him with some expression of his views concerning the recent election.

"I have very decided convictions as to the causes that led to this thing and as to the effect it will have, but I am not prepared to state them at this time," was the reply. "The consequences will be too far reaching to be touched upon until matters shall have further developed. When a man fires the grass he ought to know beforehand what will be in the way of the flames."

"Have you any objection to state, senator, what, in your opinion, will be the effect of the result of this election upon the state, aside from the attitude or the fortunes of the two political parties that were engaged in the contest?" was next asked.

THE EFFECT OF THE RIOTS AT DANVILLE.

"One of the most important effects of this election will be the impression it will make upon the people of the north. Take this Danville affair, which, though it is by courtesy called a riot, is in reality nothing but murder—the diabolical, cold-blooded murder of six inoffensive negroes. Do you suppose that this will not cause an impression of the existence of a state of lawlessness in this state that will make people afraid to come here and settle in our midst? The first thing that capital looks for is security of investment. The first thing the investor considers, particularly if it be his intention to live where his property is, is whether the community with whom he expects to cast his fortunes is orderly and law-abiding. Can it be imagined that people from the north will come among us as permanent residents if they cannot be assured that their lives at least will be safe? And it will not do to say that this thing was a spontaneous outburst of passion."

THE DANVILLE AFFAIR PRECONCERTED.

"It was preconcerted; they wanted a row, and they got it. Look at the facts. A colored man, in order to make room on the sidewalk for a white lady, steps aside, and in doing so steps on a white man's toes. As he was polite enough to the first instance, so he is now, and he apologizes for his inadvertence. His apology, however, is not accepted. A crowd gathers, and he is dragged to the ground, and in the fall the pistol goes off, and this is the signal for a regular fusillade. Of course no one is killed but negroes. That is always the case. With such a condition of things existing, what can be the effect of an election in which the element that instigated this slaughter has been partly victorious, except to deter from settlement those who might add to the prosperity of the state, but in whom there has always been a lurking suspicion that life in the south is not particularly sure, and who, by events like those I have spoken of, have had their fears intensified and their suspicions confirmed? I tell you, sir, fraud, intimidation and the corrupt use of money have brought about this thing. This is not an assertion made for mere effect. We have the proof right here in Petersburg. A man was arrested Tuesday for attempting to bribe a colored man to vote the Democratic ticket."

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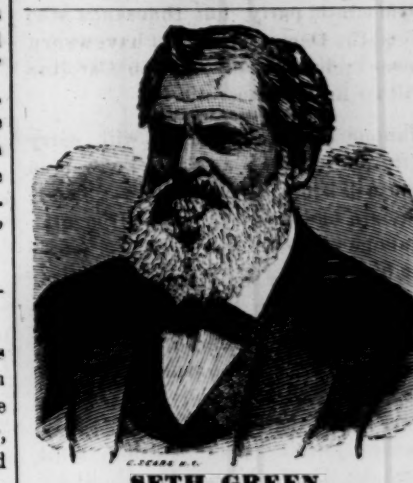
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J. W. HOOD,
Bishop of the A. M. E. Zion Church.

Shall We Let The Child Die?

A hard-hearted political economist, looking at a pale and puny child feebly gasping as it lies upon a pillow, says that the child might as well die. It is so weak and poor that its life will never be worth much anyhow. There world who are of not much account anyhow. And what's the use of adding to their number another weakling, who has but slender chance of ever amounting to anything?

Now ask that child's mother what she thinks about letting the child die. About this time the hard political economist had better get out of the way. "Let my child die? No! No! As long as there is a remedy to be found that will save the child, the child shall not die! I'll spend my last dollar to save the child!" Well, try a bottle of Brown's Iron Bitters on that child. See the poor little fellow pick up strength. He revives. He will live. Hosts of other children have been brought almost from death to healthy life by Brown's Iron Bitters. Your druggist sells it.

ADVERTISEMENTS.



SETH GREEN.

What the Great Fish Culturist Says:

Last winter I went to Florida and while there contracted Malaria in a very severe form. When I returned home I went to bed and remained there until spring. My symptoms were terrible. I had dull, aching pains in my head, limbs and around my back. My appetite was wholly gone, and I felt a lack of energy such as I had often heard described, but had never experienced. Any one who has ever had a severe attack of Malaria can appreciate my condition. As I failed to get any better I determined to try a remedy made by a gentleman in whom I had the greatest confidence. I am happy to say it effected permanent relief and that I am well to-day through the influence of Warner's SAFE Cure. After such an experience I can most heartily recommend it to all sufferers.

Seth Green
NEW

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I have opened with what I think is a well selected stock of

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Our aim shall be to deal fairly and squarely with all, and respectfully ask a share of the public patronage.

Courteous treatment guaranteed to who favor me with a call.

THOS. C. CRAFT,

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august 17-3m

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At \$1.15 Per Barrel.

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ROUKY POINT, N. C.

Jan 20 1884

Sam'l W. Holden.

I HAVE A GAS-FITTING and PLUMBING

Establishment on the South side of

Market between 2nd and 3rd Streets. I am

prepared to do the very best work a

reasonable terms. I guarantee satisfaction

I invite the public, who may need the ser-

vices of a first-class Plumber, to call and see

me before making arrangements else

where.

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Market between 2nd and 3rd Sts.,

Wilmington, N. C.

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50 Kegs and Tubs BUTTER,

200 do do LARD,

225 Boxes MEAT.

50 Boxes CHEESE.

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OF ALL PLANTS, FOR ALL CROPS,

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We are the largest seed dealers in the world

and have great facilities for producing the best

of our seeds are tested and pure and we guarantee

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WORLD TO YOUR OWN DOOR. It

includes all the desirable new and standard varieties

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CHAS. KLEIN

Undertaker and Cabinet

Maker.

All Orders promptly attended to.

The finest CASKETS, the best WORK and

the most LIBERAL TERMS.

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THE NEW DEPARTURE

OR

A Natural System of Learning Wri-

ting, Spelling English Grammar,

and Punctuation at the same time.

By J. D. SLOCUM.

"The New Departure" is a new application

of an old idea, namely, that the way to

do a thing is to do it.

By its aid self-instruction is made easy,

and Education in many valuable things

(Continued from second page.)

cooperation, without imposing any other tests of fealty, of all citizens who are in favor of elevating and dignifying American labor, protecting and extending home industries, giving free and popular education to the masses and the people, securing free suffrage and the honest counting of ballots, and effectually protecting all human rights in every section of our common country, and who are willing to support the cause of the Convention.

"In my judgment the reorganizer party in Virginia has little enough to do what we shall esteem to be for the best interests of all the people of all the states. We see a tariff on our sugar, our rice and our cotton, and why should we not contend for protection for the laborer? As between parties, we have little to say. One thing is sure—we have our convictions, and our vote will be cast every time on the side of those convictions. Platforms are making. We want to know the platform of the man who makes it. You cannot forget that Virginia was for Arthur because Arthur was for Virginia."

"Do you really believe that the Virginia election will have any bearing upon the Presidential campaign?"

"The Herald intimates that the Democratic Party has some influence on the election in the North. Those circles certainly did affect votes here. I shall not be surprised if these same circles produce the logical effect in the Presidential election. In the next Presidential election, I believe the Virginia campaign has determined the result of the next Presidential election. But, whether it has or not, Mahone and Riddleberger will be found co-operating for what they believe to be the best interests of Virginia."

"In the coming reorganization of the State have you any preference for the office to be filled or those who ought to be in it?"

"I cannot say that I have political preferences. I would hesitate to assert them if I had them. I have personal preferences, but beyond all these considerations I think it my duty to hear what experienced Senators have to say, and conclude afterward. This country is large, its interests are diversified, and the country ought to be considered before reorganization. I shall try to find time to divide between the country and the Senate."

EXPLAINING THE RECENT DEFEAT.

"Do you have a theory or explanation about your reverse in Virginia?"

"Oh, yes, sir. We were beaten largely by money. The opposition had more money than in 1880. They bought men openly. I can name scores here who were hired to stay away from the polls. They organized, too, very closely. The Knox nothing plan of 1880, was adopted without the oath, but the oath was supplied by an obligation upon what they called 'chief of ten' who was not even to let his 'ten' know he was chief. I knew of these things, but never caught up with them until Sunday night before the election. I copied their printed instructions and sent a country press. (I day Sunday.) We took possession of the livery stables, and Monday morning every neighborhood and farm house was supplied with the so-called 'printed instructions' of the Bourbon committee. You will see that our country chieftains advertised in his circular that I would expose it Monday night in the Court House. I had done so at Edenburg on Saturday night, a gentleman, Mr. Morgan Moore, having driven twenty miles to carry the captured paper to me while the meeting was in progress. But for these things we would have been beaten in this county. This showed our people what was going on, and they did what the other side did—they all voted. This is why we increased some on the Cameron vote. We have a majority of this state, but we must get them out by showing activity on the other side. They have the villages and the country. The country is always the most respectable and conservative, and a much larger proportion of it remains away from the polls as a rule. I think the exposure of the Bourbon plan of organization everywhere, as it has done here, would have been as effective as Henry A. Wise's exposure of the Know Nothing Blue Book."

"Have you a copy of the paper to which you allude?"

"Yes, here is a copy of the paper, from which you can note the importance to them of keeping it secret. They provide in it for organizing Republicans in their 'tens,' and yet in this section they denounced from every schoolhouse all men who ever had been Republicans, always disclaiming that they had anything to do even with General Wickman's candidacy and that he was running on his own hook."

HYDRA HEADED CORPORATIONS.

"What other incidents did you note in the contest with your party?"

"Another consideration was that the reorganizers taxed the State. We therefore had not a positive friend among these corporations. The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad even tried an experimental influence by reducing passenger rates for a few days preceding election, and having the news of it carried from mountain to mountain in this county. One thing is sure—states must win, ay, even cowards, corporations that coast for sovereignty with them. I believe this small success of reorganizers will so load it down with railroads as that they will run away from Richmond before their ninety days of existence has rolled round."

"What do you mean by ninety days?"

"Bisexual sessions, and that is all. They elect what we call in Virginia the capital officers. The Superintendent of Public Instruction holds on. They cannot even change a school trustee. They can do nothing but change the Board of Public Works, and when they do that they will have settled the future. 'Bisexual' is very much denounced, but when some things are done here that must be done, people even in New York will see that what is denounced as 'bisexual' is only the leadership that has saved states."

from the domination of corporations and people who would enslave us." Senator Riddleberger said he thought he had about exhausted his willing supply of information regarding the election, and after a pleasant conversation concerning other topics concluded the interview.

HIS OWN EXECUTOR.

A Well-known Gentleman's Philanthropy and the Commotion Caused by One of His Letters.

[Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.]

We published on our third page yesterday morning a significant letter from a gentleman known personally or by reputation to nearly every person in the land. We have received a number of letters protesting against the use of our columns for such "palpable frauds and misrepresentations," therefore, to confirm beyond a doubt the authenticity of the letter, and the genuineness of its sentiments, a reporter certain all the possible facts in the matter. Accordingly he visited Clifton Springs, saw the author of the letter, and with the following result:

Dr. Henry Foster, the gentleman in question, is 63 or 64 years of age and has an extremely cordial manner. He presides as superintendent over the celebrated sanitarium which accommodates over 500 guests and is unquestionably the leading health resort of the country. Several years ago this benevolent man wisely determined to be his own executor, and therefore turned over this magnificent property worth \$300,000, as a free gift to a board of trustees, representing the principal evangelical denominations. Among the trustees are Bishop A. C. Coxe, Protestant Episcopal, Buffalo; Bishop Mathew Stimpson, Philadelphia, Methodist Episcopal; President M. E. Anderson, of the University of Rochester; Rev. Dr. Clark, Secretary of the A. B. F. M., Boston. The benevolent purpose of the institution is the care, last, of evangelical missionaries and their families whose health has been broken in their work. 24—of ministers, of any denomination, in good standing. 3d.—of members of any church, who otherwise would be unable to secure such care and treatment. The current expenses of the institution are met by the receipts from the hundreds of distinguished and wealthy people who every year crowd its attractive capacity. Here come men and women who are once in perfect health, but neglected the first symptoms of disease. The uncertain pains they felt at first were overlooked until their health became impaired. They little recognized the danger before them, nor how alarming even trifling ailments might prove. They constitute all classes, including ministers and bishops, lawyers, judges, statesmen, millionaires, journalists, college professors and officials from all parts of the land.

Drawing from his pocket, a reporter remarked, "Doctor, that letter of yours has created a good deal of talk, and many of our readers have questioned its authenticity."

"To what do you refer?" remarked the doctor.

"Have you not seen the paper?"

"Yes, but I have not had time to read it yet."

The reporter thereupon showed him the letter, which was as follows: CLIFTON SPRINGS SANITARIUM CO., CLIFTON SPRINGS, N. Y., October 11th, 1883.

DEAR SIR: I am using Warner's Safe Cure, and I regard it as the best remedy for some forms of kidney disease that I have. I am watching with great care some cases I am now treating with it, and I hope for favorable results.

I wish you might come down yourself, as I would like very much to talk with you about your sterling remedy, and show you over our institution.

Yours truly,

[Signed] HENRY FOSTER, M. D.

"I do not see why anybody should be skeptical concerning that letter," remarked the doctor.

"Isn't it unusual for a physician of your standing and influence to commend a proprietary preparation?"

"I don't know how it may be with others, but in this institution we allow no person to dictate to us what we shall use. Our purpose is to cure the sick, and for that work we use anything we know to be valuable. Because I know Warner's Safe Cure is a very valuable preparation, I commend it. As its power is manifested under my use, so shall I add to the completeness of my commendation."

"Have you ever analyzed it doctor?"

"We always analyze before we try any preparation of which we do not know the constituents. But analysis, you know only gives the elements, it does not give the all important proportions. The remarkable power of Warner's Safe Cure undoubtedly lies in which its elements are mixed." While there may be a thousand remedies made of the same elements, unless they are put together in proper proportions, they are worthless as kidney and liver preparations.

"I hope some day to meet Mr. Warner personally, and extend fuller congratulations to him on the excellence of his preparations. I have heard much of him as the founder of the Warner Observatory, and as a man of large benevolence. The reputed high character of the man himself gave assurance to me in the first place that he would not put a remedy upon the market that was not trustworthy, and that was a source of a good deal of gratification to me to find out by actual examination that the remedy itself sustained my impression."

The conclusion reached by Dr. Foster is precisely the same found by Dr. Dio Lewis, Dr. Robert A. Gunn, ex-Surgeon-General Gallagher and others, and proves beyond a doubt the great efficacy of the remedy which has awakened so much attention in the land and rescued so many men, women and children from disease and death.

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H. BRUNHILD & BRO.,

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MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KIND

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NAVY AND TWISTS,

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FOR 1883.

DEAR SIR: I am using Warner's Safe Cure, and I regard it as the best remedy for some forms of kidney disease that I have. I am watching with great care some cases I am now treating with it, and I hope for favorable results.

I wish you might come down yourself, as I would like very much to talk with you about your sterling remedy, and show you over our institution.

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Leave Richmond at 4:00 a.m. and 11:15 a.m.

Leave Washington at 10:25 a.m. and 12:45 p.m.

Arrive at Baltimore at 12:05 noon and 1:55 p.m.

Arrive at Philadelphia at 12:30 p.m. and 1:10 p.m.

Arrive at New York at 10:30 p.m. and 1:30 p.m.

Leave Richmond at 4:00 a.m. and 11:15 a.m.

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